CHAPTER 3

RESEARCH PROCEDURES

This chapter presents information about the research methodology applied in conducting this study. It contains the explanation of the research method, the focus of the research, the setting and participants, the technique of collecting and analysing the data, the steps of the research, and the time and place of the research.

3.1 Method of the Research

In this study, the research design used was a qualitative descriptive case study. A case study is an empirical method examines a case within a real-world setting, especially in situations where it may be difficult to identify distinct connections between the case and the context (Yin, 2018). A descriptive case study was selected to accurately reflect the occurrences seen in the relevant data. The purpose of the case study was to preserve the data as it naturally happened (Zainal, 2007). Furthermore, this approach was appropriate to facilitate a deep exploration and comprehensive understanding of the issue. The phenomenon under investigation in this study was building students' oral communication using VRChat as the learning medium. Zainal (2007) stated the case study methods are often employed in small-scale setting with limited participants. Therefore, this method was selected to align with the research's settings, participants, and context allowing for an investigation into the participant experiences, perceptions, challenges in oral communication learning in VRChat.

3.2 Focus of the Research

This research focused on investigating the participant's experiences, opinions, perceptions, and strategies in building English oral communication through VRChat. The data was collected from an interview with a student who utilized VRChat as their learning medium.

3.3 Setting and Participant

This research took place in an online community on a Discord server with single participant. The participant was selected based on their usage of VRChat over two years, indicating that already familiar with the platform. The study focused on the participant as he engaged in VRChat to improve the oral communication. Considering that descriptive case studies focus on exploring specific phenomena and are often on a small scale with limited participant as stated by Zainal (2007), it was deemed appropriate to select a single participant for this research in order to obtain rich and valuable insight into the research topic.

3.4 Technique of Collecting the Data

The researcher used the technique of collecting data by using the interview as the instrument to get the data needed to be collected for the research. A semistructured interview is an informal process of gathering information from another person by asking questions verbally (Longhurst, 2003). It offers the interviewer collect the detailed information from the participants (Jamshed, 2014). The technique of semi-structured interview was applied to get the participant perceptions of the utilization of VRChat as the learning medium in oral communication. Thus, to conduct a semi-structured interview, the researcher provided seven questions generated from the theory of the Technology Acceptance Model proposed by Fred Davis in 1989, namely perceived usefulness as the indicator and Scherer et al.'s (2015) items measuring the perceived usefulness of ICT for teaching and learning. The questions were open-ended and adjustable due to getting more and detailed information and a deep understanding of the EFL students' perceptions of the utilization of VRChat in oral communication learning.

The interviews were conducted online using Discord and WhatsApp messages as the additional and detail questions as the data source and documentation. Further, the data were transcribed using an orthography system to be analyzed. The orthography system is the common method to transcribe what the words are said (Howitt, 2016).

3.5 Technique of Analyze the Data

The collected data from the interview will be analyzed using Braun and Clarke's (2006) thematic analysis. According to Braun & Clarke (2006) thematic analysis is a qualitative research method that can be widely used across a range of epistemologies and research questions. It is a method for identifying, analyzing, organizing, describing, and reporting themes found within a data set. Furthermore,

Braun and Clarke (2006) and King (2004) Thematic analysis, according to the author, it is a valuable approach for evaluating the viewpoints of various study participants, revealing parallels and contrasts, and producing unexpected discoveries. Thematic analysis is particularly effective for summarizing essential aspects of a big data set since it compels the researcher to handle data in a well-structured manner, resulting in a clear and ordered final report. (King, 2004).

There are six phases of thematic analysis (Braun & Clarke, 2006):

- Familiarizing yourself with the data: Researchers must get used to reading and rereading data of questionnaires and taking note of initial analytic observations.
- Generating initial codes: Coding is also a common element of many approaches to qualitative analysis (Braun & Clarke, 2012). The researcher makes code to highlight important data by coloring the scale of the scores of questionnaires.

Time	Utterances	Initial Codes
00:02:29 -	I: Dan sekarang menggunakan	
00:02:42	VRChat, apa benefit yang kamu	
	dapatkan saat menggunakan	
	aplikasi itu? apakah VRChat	
	dapat membangun motivasi	
	belajar?	
00:02:43 -	P: Benefit, benefit yang jelas	Grammar in speaking
00:03:00	terasa itu, <mark>grammar di speaking,</mark>	Improvement of the
	listening, vocabulary bertambah	confidence
	dan menambah confidence juga.	Vocabulary
	juga dapat mempelajari kultur	Enrichment
	player luar negeri. dan akhirnya	Intercultural
	<mark>saya lebih </mark> termotivasi untuk	Competencies
		Motivation boost

Table 3.1 Generating Initial Codes

belajar bahasa inggris <mark>secara</mark> mandiri di VRChat. Self-learning

00:03:01 -	I: Baik-baik, berhubung VRChat	
00:03:19	itu termasuk salah satu	
	permainan atau game, apa ada	
	gim lain yang menurut kamu	
	dapat membantu perkembangan	
	skill komunikasi kamu? atau	
	kamu merasakan perbedaan dari	
	VRChat dibandingkan dengan	
	gim lain?	
00:03:20 -	P: (ee) kalo yang lain paling	Habits of the players
00:04:00	game berupa MMO dengan	are using English.
	server internasional, biasanya di	
	game MMO itu ada fitur party,	
	trading sama player lain. Jadi	
	harus pake Bahasa Inggris.	
	Kemudian yang jadi	Flexibility of topic
	perbedaanya itu komunikasi di	
	MMO Cuma digunain aja pas	
	keperluan tertentu, objektif,	
	kayak trading gitu. Kalau	
	VRChat lebih ke small talk, jadi	Various style of
	pembahasannya sangat bebas.	speaking
	Tapi banyak orang yang	Slang language
	<mark>menggunakan slang, dan</mark>	
	beberapa dari slang itu menurut	Profanity language
	saya kurang cocok dengan	
	lingkungan akademik.	

Table 3.2 Initial Codes

Initial Codes

The interest of learning English Motivation

Self-learning

Speaking and listening comprehension

Speaking in different language

Intercultural competency

Improvement of the confidence

Flexibility of topic

Vocabulary Enrichment

Slang language

Profanity language

3) Searching for theme: The third phase is when all data has been coded and arranged then the data will be grouped to make it easier to analyze the data.

Initial Codes	Sub Themes	Themes		
Improvement of the				
confidence	Peers Corrective			
Speaking and listening comprehension	Feedback			
The interest of learning	Students' Learning			
English	Motivation	The Benefits of		
Self-learning		VRChat for the EFL		
		students'		
Vocabulary Enrichment		communication skills		
Flexibility of topic		and interest		
Speaking in different	Intercultural			
language	Competencies			
Slang language				
Various style of				
speaking				
Profanity Language		Challenges		
Competency				

Table 3.3 Process of Searching for Themes

- 4) Reviewing themes: The fourth phase begins once a set of themes has been devised, and they now require refinement (Braun & Clarke, 2006). The researcher reviewed the data that had been coded for each theme to find out whether they formed a coherent pattern or not.
- 5) Defining and naming themes: Conduct and write a detailed analysis, identifying the story that each theme tell (Braun & Clarke, 2006). Researchers may consider how each theme fits into the overall story about the entire data set in relation to the research questions (Braun & Clarke, 2006).

Themes	Sub-Themes	Definition		
The Benefits of	Peers Learning	The Students'		
VRChat for Students'		Perceptions that		
Oral Communication		VRChat improve their		
skills		oral communication		
		skills by interaction		
		with peers (Interest).		
	Students' Learning	The students		
	Motivation	perceptions that		
		VRChat improves their		
		learning motivation		
		interest, and		
		performances for		
		improving their		
		communication skills		
		(Interest)		
	Intercultural	The students ³		
	Competence	perceptions of how		
		VRChat help them		
		practice, collaborate		
		and communicate with		
		the community in VR		
		world to improve their		
		communication skills		
		(Collaboration)		

Table 3.4 Defining and Naming Themes and sub-themes

Challenges and	Oral Communication	The students'
Strategies	Competencies	perception toward the
		problems or the
		obstacles of using
		VRChat as a learning
		medium to improve
		communication skills.
	Profanity Languages	Students' awareness
	Awareness	toward explicit
		languages in oral
		communication
		learning, and academic
		environment.

6) Writing up: Begin the final analysis and write-up of the report.

3.6 Steps of the Research

The Researcher did several steps of this study as follows:

Table 3.5 Steps of the research

Steps	Description				
1	Identifying the research problem				
2	Find the relevant study				
3	Reviewing the relevant Study				
4	Choosing research subject				
5	Choosing the tools for the research				
6	Interviewing the participants				
7	Transcribing the recorded interview				
8	Analyzing data				
9	Making the conclusion				

3.7 Time and Place of the Research

The place of the research will be going to take a place at the Discord online community who have been familiar with VRChat.

Table 3.6	Research	Schedule
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No.	Activity	May- Aug 2022	Oct 2022	Nov- Dec 2022	Jan- May 2023	Jun- Des 2023	Jan- July 2024
1.	Proposal Writing						
2.	Research Proposal Seminar						
3.	Data Collection						
4.	Data Analysis						
5.	Report						
б.	Comprehensive Examination						
7.	Final Thesis Examination						