

ABSTRACT

***The Effect of Good Governance and Government Internal Control System
on Local Government Performance***
(Survey on SKPD in Tasikmalaya City)

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The objective of the research was to determine good governance, internal government control system, and local government performance at SKPD in Tasikmalaya City, to determine the relationship between good governance and internal government control system, and to determine the effect of good governance and internal government control system partially or simultaneously on local government performance. The research method used is a survey method with a descriptive and causality quantitative approach, while the sample withdrawal technique uses purposive sampling method. Data collection techniques used for primary data were carried out through questionnaires and interviews, secondary data obtained from literature reviews and other relevant parties. The analysis tool uses path analysis. The results showed that: (1) partially good governance has a significant effect on local government performance, (2) the government internal control system has a significant effect on local government performance, and; (3) simultaneously good governance and the government internal control system have a significant effect on local government performance in Tasikmalaya City.

Keywords : good governance, government internal control system, local government performance.

ABSTRAK

PENGARUH *GOOD GOVERNANCE* DAN SISTEM PENGENDALIAN INTERN PEMERINTAH TERHADAP KINERJA PEMERINTAH DAERAH

(Survei pada SKPD di Kota Tasikmalaya)

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Tujuan penelitian ini untuk mengetahui *good governance*, sistem pengendalian intern pemerintah, dan kinerja pemerintah daerah pada SKPD di Kota Tasikmalaya, untuk mengetahui hubungan *good governance* dan sistem pengendalian intern pemerintah, dan untuk mengetahui besarnya pengaruh *good governance* dan sistem pengendalian intern pemerintah secara parsial maupun simultan terhadap kinerja pemerintah daerah. Metode penelitian yang digunakan adalah metode survei dengan pendekatan kuantitatif deskriptif dan kausalitas, sedangkan teknik penarikan sampel menggunakan metode *purposive sampling*. Teknik pengumpulan data yang digunakan untuk data primer dilakukan melalui kuesioner dan wawancara, data sekunder diperoleh dari kajian pustaka dan pihak lain yang relevan. Alat analisis menggunakan analisis jalur. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa: (1) secara parsial *good governance* berpengaruh signifikan terhadap kinerja pemerintah daerah, (2) sistem pengendalian intern pemerintah berpengaruh signifikan terhadap kinerja pemerintah daerah, dan; (3) secara simultan *good governance* dan sistem pengendalian intern pemerintah berpengaruh signifikan terhadap kinerja pemerintah daerah di Kota Tasikmalaya.

Kata kunci: *good governance*, sistem pengendalian intern pemerintah, kinerja pemerintah daerah.